





CONVERGENCE of IDENTITY PILLARS

IAM, CIAM, IGA, PAM, IAP, SSO, MFA, AAA, BYOID, Identity Broker, ZTA, Adaptive Authentication, Policies, Workflow, Automation, Session Management, Role Delegation, Cloud Unified Directory and Zero/Low Code Security

FIRST EDITION

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About this booklet: Booklet #1

Bring a different way to simply explain some of the most important technology topics related to the Enterprises Security, Trust and Privacy

Disclaimer

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NTRODUCTION N

$\mathsf{IAM}^{!}$

is an essential part of cybersecurity that manages digital identities and user access to an organization's data, systems, and resources.

According to Gartner, IAM is;

"...the discipline that enables the right individuals to access the right resources at the right times for the right reasons."

According to Gartner, CIAM is;

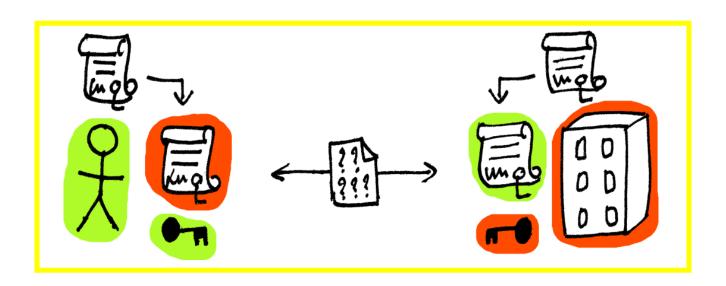
"...the discipline that enables the right individuals to access the right resources at the right reasons."

According to Gartner, IGA is;

"...the discipline that enables the right individuals to access the right resources at the right times for the right reasons."

According to Gartner, PAM is;

"...the discipline that enables the right individuals to access the right resources at the right reasons."



The good solution in this space should be a balance of;

- Security
- Turst
- Privacy
- Usability: end-user experience
- Performance/effectiveness

A comprehensive approach and a turn-key IAM solution/framework enables enterprises to mitigate risks, apply compliances, and increase efficiencies across the enterprise.

There are three components of Identity and Access Management (IAM):

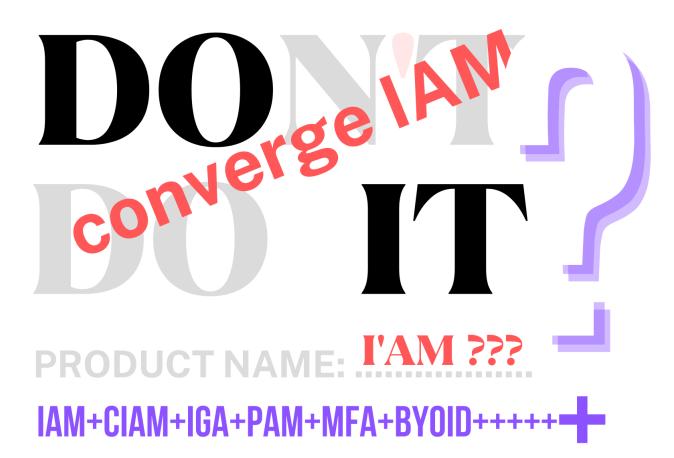
- Access management/Single sign-on to verify users' identities before they can access the network and applications
- Identity governance to ensure that user access is being granted according to appropriate access policies for onboarding and role/responsibility changes
- Privileged access management to control and monitor access to highly privileged accounts, applications and system assets

These technologies can be combined using identity governance, which provides the foundation for automated workflows and processes.

I believe that today's expansive digital age requires a unified IAM platform, one with a holistic, integrated approach that allows governance to play a crucial and connected role with identity and access management in all its aspects.

'AM Convergence

is an essential part of cybersecurity that manages everything about digital identities and user access to an organization's data, systems, and resources covering all IAM, CIAM, IGA, PAM and more.

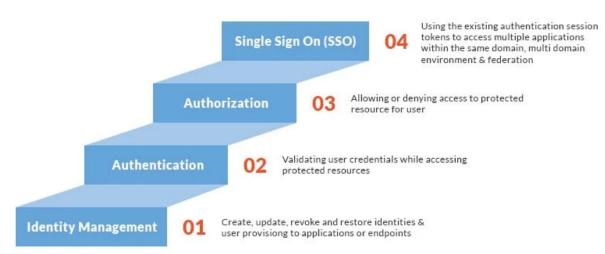












Why One Identity

Challenges

- SecurityComplexityCompliance



The path to governance

- · Policy-based access control
- Governance for identities, user access, data and elevated access
- Privileged account lockdown



Business driven

- · User and lineof-business self-service
- · Unified policy, identity and workflow
- Complete visibility and control



Future-ready

- · Configure don't code
- · Configure to meet changing organizational needs
- · Minimize the shock of constantly changing employee roles



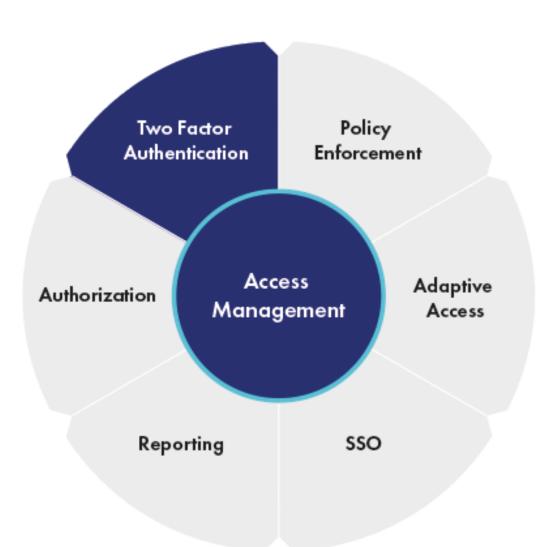
Modular & integrated

- · Doesn't demand a rigid framework
- · Start anywhere and build from there
- · Easily plugs into existing tools and solutions



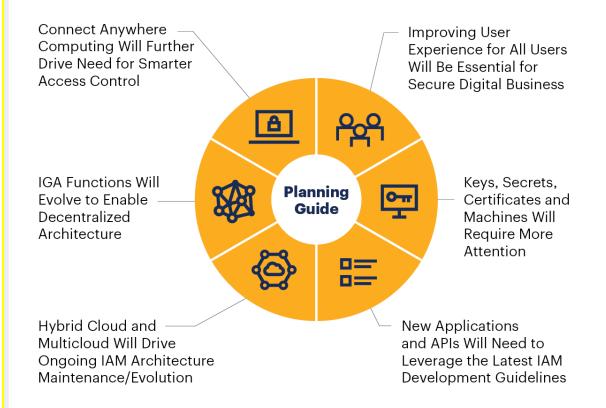
Rapid time to value

- Deploy in weeks, not years
- · Streamline and automate tasks
- Extremely affordable
- · Relieve the burden on IT





2022 Key Trends in Identity and Access Management



gartner.com

Source: Gartner © 2022 Gartner, Inc. All rights reserved. PR_1655517 **Gartner**

- Identity lifecycle management
- Entitlement management
- Support for access requests
- Workflow orchestration
- Access certification (also called "attestation")
- Provisioning via automated connectors and service tickets
- Analytics and reporting

Privileged password management[edit]

Privileged password management is a type of password management used to secure the passwords for login IDs that have elevated security privileges. This is most often done by periodically changing every such password to a new, random value. Since users and automated software processes need these passwords to function, privileged password management systems must also store these passwords and provide various mechanisms to disclose these passwords in a secure and appropriate manner. Privileged password management is related to privileged identity management.

Examples of privileged passwords[edit]

There are three main types of privileged passwords. They are used to authenticate:

Local administrator accounts[edit]

On Unix and Linux systems, the root user is a privileged login account. On Windows, the equivalent is Administrator. On SQL databases, the equivalent is sa. In general, most operating systems, databases, applications and network devices include an administrative login, used to install software, configure the system, manage users, apply patches, etc. On some systems, different privileged functions are assigned to different users, which means that there are more privileged login accounts, but each of them is less powerful.

Service accounts[edit]

On the Windows operating system, service programs execute in the context of either system (very privileged but has no password) or of a user account. When services run as a non-system user, the service control manager must provide a login ID and password to run the service program so service accounts have passwords. On Unix and Linux systems, init and inetd can launch service programs as non-privileged users without knowing their passwords so services do not normally have passwords.

Connections by one application to another[edit]

Often, one application needs to be able to connect to another, to access a service. A common example of this pattern is when a web application must log into a database to retrieve some

information. These inter-application connections normally require a login ID and password and this password.

Securing privileged passwords[edit]

A privileged password management system secures privileged passwords by:

- Periodically changing each password to a new random value.
- Storing these values.
- Protecting the stored values (e.g., using encryption and replicated storage).
- Providing mechanisms to disclose these passwords to various types of participants in the system:
 - IT administrators.
 - Programs that launch services (e.g., service control manager on Windows).
 - Applications that must connect to other applications.

Required infrastructure[edit]

A privileged password management system requires extensive infrastructure:

- A mechanism to schedule password changes.
- Connectors to various kinds of systems.
- Mechanism to update various participants with new password values.
- Extensive auditing.
- Encrypted storage.
- Authentication for parties that wish to retrieve password values.
- Access controls and authorization to decide whether password disclosure is appropriate.
- Replicated storage to ensure that hardware failure or a site disaster does not lead to loss
 of data.

ManageEngine Password Manager Pro, comprehensive enterprise password management software that provides extensive capabilities for password security.



Privileged account discovery

Run automated discovery scans to detect all IT assets on the corporate network and subsequently discover the associated privileged account credentials. Maintain an auto-updating database of privileged accounts with periodic synchronization schedules.



Enterprise password vault

Create an inventory of all critical, shared user accounts that hold elevated privileges, and store them in a secure vault. Isolate access to the vault with granular role-based access controls. Ensure the privileged accounts are encrypted with strong algorithms such as AES-256.



Strict policy enforcement

Standardize password management best practices across the enterprise by implementing a strict policy that covers various password security aspects. Eliminate weak passwords and satisfy compliance requirements.



Advanced approval workflows

Avoid unauthorized access attempts. Mandate an IT head's approval for every password access request. Make the workflow stronger with a dual control mechanism by requiring supervision and approval from at least two higher IT officials.



Periodic password rotation

Assign strong, unique passwords for remote resources using a robust built-in password generator. Reset credentials any time on demand or randomize them periodically through scheduled tasks.



Wide platform support

Implement robust password management for multiple platforms across physical, virtual, and cloud infrastructures. Secure the passwords of endpoints even in remote locations without direct connectivity such as the ones protected by firewalls or residing in demilitarized zones (DMZs).



Credential management for business automation

Use automations to take bold steps forward without worrying about credentials being compromised. Integrate password security best practices in your application communications, DevOps routine, and RPA workflows. Abolish hard-coded passwords.



Comprehensive activity auditing

Capture every single user operation, establishing accountability and transparency for all password-related actions. Submit exhaustive access logs during regular internal audits and ad hoc forensic investigations. Always know who did what with a password, where, and when.



Detailed compliance reporting

Get a wider, in-depth view of password security and privileged user activity in your organization with timed reports. Generate audit-ready reports for PCI DSS, NERC-CIP, ISO/IEC 27001, and the GDPR. Exercise complete flexibility and produce custom-fit reports to meet exclusive business needs.



Two-factor authentication

Administer multiple stages of authentication and associate every password-related activity with a valid user profile. According to Microsoft, multi-factor authentication (MFA) blocks 99.9 percent of unauthorized login attempts, even if hackers have a copy of a user's current password.



IDENTITY MANAGEMENT

Establish an identity made of attributes that define a person or entity.

Keywords
Identity Record, Authoritative
Source

Use identity attributes to connect a digital identity to a real-world entity.

Keywords
Source Document Validation,
Remote Proofing, In-Person
Proofing

Identity Proofing

Provisioning

Create, manage, and delete accounts and entitlements.

Keywords
Identity Lifecycle, Account
Creation and Management,
Workflow, Deprovisioning.
Entitlements Management

Maintain accurate and current attributes in an identity record over its lifecycle.

Keywords Identity Lifecycle Management Updating, Attribute Managemen Identity Aggregation

Find and connect disparate identity records for the same person or entity.

Keywords Identity Reconciliation, Identity Resolution, Account Linking Deactivation

tivate or remove enterprise identity records. Keywords
Identity Lifecycle Management,
Suspension, Archiving, Deletion



Formally establish that a person or entity requires a credential.

Keywords Sponsor, Authorizing Official, Affiliation, Request

Registration

Collect the information needed from a person or entity to issue them a credential. Keyword Enrollment

Generation & Issuance Assign a credential to a person or entity.

Keywords

laintain a credential throughout its lifecycle.

Keywords Renewal, Reset, Susper Reissuance

Revocation

roke a credential from a person or entity, or deactivate an authenticator.

Keyword Termination



ACCESS MANAGEMENT

Policy Administration

Create and maintain the technical access requirements that govern access to protected agency services.

Keywords
Policy Decision, Policy Enforcement

Authentication

/erify that a claimed identity is genuine based or valid credentials.

Keywords Validation, Two-Factor, Multi-Factor

Grant or deny access requests to protected agency services based on access requirement identity attributes, and entitlements.

Keywords
Policy Decision, Policy Enforcement

Privileged Access Management

Protect access to accounts that have access permissions that can affect IT system configurations and data security.

Keywords
Privileged Identity Management, Privileged count Management, Administration, Superuse



Policy Alignment

Develop relationships and a common understanding between parties by establishing authorities, policies, standards, and principles

Keyword Trust Relationship

Authentication Broker

Transform an authentication event into an alternative format such as an assertion, containing claims about the entity and the authentication transaction, to grant access to a resource.

Keywords

Assertion Service, Federation Assertion, Security Token Service

Attribute Exchange

Discover and acquire identity or other attributes between different systems to promote access decisions and interoperability.

Keywords Attribute Definition, ARS



GOVERNANCE

Identity Governance

The systems, solutions, and rules that link enterprise personnel, applications, and data to help agencies manage access and risk.

Keywords

Management Framework, Rules and Procedures, Access Reviews and Recertifications

Analytics

Leverage continuous analytics data to identify if someone has entitlements that conflict with access requirements.

Keywords Data Collection, Monitoring, Review, Data Certification, Auditing and Reporting Mitigation

Correct the problems and address risks, discovered by analysis, that may occur during standard operations.

Keywords

Redress, Remediation

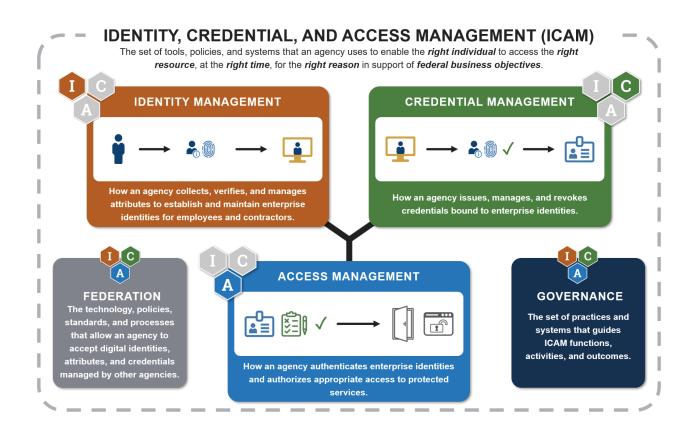




















IAM is all about how to structure, manage and administer the identities and their accesses within your organization.

It is to control who is authenticated (signed in) and authorized (has permissions) to access the enterprise resources(computer, app, doc, etc.). Using an identity platform to manage accounts across organization applications is mandatory for any enterprise cares about their cybersecurity.







Okta Identity Governance supports that by introducing three new governance capabilities to the Okta Identity Cloud:

- Okta Access Requests: Simplify and automate the process of requesting and approving access to applications and resources. Self-service capabilities, tightly integrated with popular collaboration tools, meet users where they are, delivering a streamlined, frictionless experience to auto-provision their access.
- Okta Access Certifications: Create and manage access review campaigns.
 Periodically reviewing user access to critical resources, and approving or revoking access automatically, is essential for ensuring that all users have the right level of access across all resources.
- Enhanced Governance Reports: Out-of-the-box reporting capabilities to help meet audit and compliance requirements. Administrators can provide an audit report of who has access to what resources, who approved the access, and how they got it.

Together with lifecycle automation capabilities powered by Okta Lifecycle Management and customization and extensibility offered by Okta Workflows, customers can leverage Okta to automate the process of granting their workforce the correct levels of access to the resources they need.

Our philosophy with Okta Identity Governance was to rethink the way governance is done today by building a modern product that's easy to use and based on Okta principles of cloud-native technology. This means delivering a product that:

- Drives better security and compliance outcomes
- Is easy to deploy and maintain for IT teams
- Is modern and simple for employees to use

Let's get into the details of how Okta Identity Governance enables customers to achieve these goals.

https://www.okta.com/blog/2022/08/introducing-okta-identity-governance/

https://www.okta.com/products/lifecycle-management/

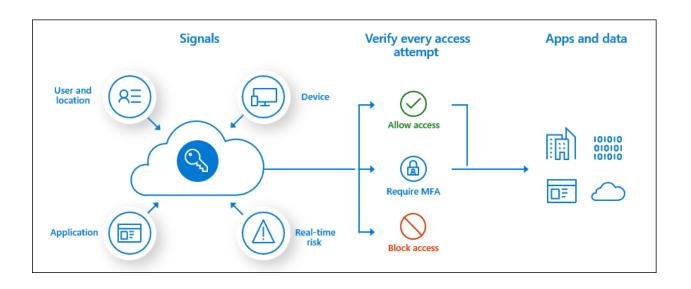
https://www.okta.com/platform/workflows/



dentity And Access Intelligence

Enterprise Password Manager

Adaptive Authentication:



ENTERPRISE SECURITY DICTIONARY

Cybersecurity	
	ID autilia.
ID	ID entity
Identity Management	
IAM	
CIAM	
IGA	
PAM	
IAP	Identity And Access Proxy (IAP)
sso	
AAA	
MFA	Multi-Factor Authentication
ОТР	One-Time Password
Passwordless	
Adaptive Authentication	
Identity Broker	
Policies	
Role-based Access Control	
ZTA / ZTS	Zero Trust Architecture (aka Zero Trust Security)

BeyondCorp	
Token	
Soft Token	
Hard Token	
USB Token	
FIDO	
FIDO OATH	
FIDO U2F	
FIDO UAF	
OAuth2	
OIDC	OpenID Connect
SCIM	
SAML	
RADIUS	
Web Monetization	
Anomaly Detection	
Session Management	
User Monitoring	
Role Delegation	
Zero Code Security	

Low Code Security	
Workflow	
Automation	